

SOUTHERN MARKSMAN CLINTON, MISS.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1838.

We are authorized to announce E. S. CRAWFORD, of this place, as a candidate for the office of Probate Clerk of Hinds County.

AMOS R. JOHNSON is a candidate for the office of clerk of the circuit court of Hinds county, at the next regular election.

We are authorized to announce GREEN E. BEAUCHAMP as a candidate for Clerk of the Circuit Court of Hinds County, at the next general election.

We call public attention to the much abused and little understood Sub-Treasury Bill, which we publish to-day without comment.

We would recommend our readers to study and ponder over it.

We publish to-day the President's proclamation, warning the citizens of the United States not to interfere in the contest now going on in Canada between the patriots and the British authorities.

COTTON.—Sales of Louisiana and Mississippi cotton in New Orleans, are quoted on the 1st inst. as follows:

Good and fine, 15 a 15 1-2; good fair, 14 a 14 1-2; fair, 12 a 12 1-2; middling, 11 1-2 a 11 3-4; ordinary, 10 1-2 a 11.

Great excitement was felt in New York on the 21st ult., as to the fate of the steam ship Liverpool, which ought to have arrived some time previously. John Van Buren and Mr. Butler, son of the late Attorney General, are passengers on the Liverpool.

The butchery of the patriots at Prescott, by the British, is most horrible. A short account is published in our paper to-day.

We invite the attention of the public to a letter from J. R. & P. Jefferson, to Col. Wm. Anderson, cashier pro. tem. of the Real Estate Banking Company, which will be found in our paper of to-day.

NEW JERSEY SENATOR.

Samuel Southard has been re-elected U. S. Senator for six years after the 4th March. The Republican members voted for Hon. Mahlon Dickson. The vote stood—For Dickson, 23 votes; for Southard, 36—majority 13.

DELAWARE.

This little breeches pocket State has done most nobly. For the first time since the foundation of the government, Delaware has given a democratic majority. "A sub-treasury and no national bank" was the cry of the liberal party. A majority of democrats have been elected to the Legislature. Go it my Delaware! you are at the right door.

MICHIGAN.

We have not received full returns, but there is very little doubt that the whole democratic ticket has succeeded.

NEW YORK.—The democrats have elected 19 members to congress; whigs 21.—The legislature stands: senate 18 democrats and 14 whigs; house: 48 democrats and 81 whigs. Last year the democrats stood 28 in the house to 100 whigs. Republican gain, 18 members.

Hon. T. M. Tucker, of Lowndes county, has resigned his seat in the senate of this State. His reasons will be given at length in the form of an address to his constituents, in the "Columbian Democrat."

LOWER CANADA.—The patriots of this province have made a formal declaration of independence, declaring themselves free of the mother country.

Congress met on Monday the 3d inst. We shall receive the President's Message in time for our next paper.

BANK CONVENTION.

This Convention met and adjourned in the city of Vicksburg, on the 4th inst. without doing any thing towards specie payments. We ask when will the State of Mississippi be relieved from the wretched shipplaster currency under which she now groans? She is becoming a bye word and reproach among men, as a bank-ridden and shipplaster State, and more completely to fix this odium upon the State, this august and potent convention refused to appoint a day to commence specie payments, which will depreciate our money from 10 to 15 per cent. in New Orleans and other places where the banks will resume in January.

But the advocates for non-resumption say, that the banks, if they resume in January, that the country will be drained of all

the specie by upper country traders. This argument appears quite plausible at the first blush; but how easy it would be for these traders to take Mississippi money and keep it on hand a few months until the first of June or July, then draw the specie from the banks, and there is not the least doubt but this course would be pursued by many. Confidence has been lost and the only way to restore it, is that every bank that can resume specie payments in January to do so, and give the State a currency that will put her above the taunts and sneers of her sister States.

FATAL AFFRAY.

Greer Spikes, a citizen of this county, was killed a few days ago, between this place and Raymond, by a man named Pegram. It seems that Pegram and Spikes had been carrying weapons for each other for some time past. Pegram had threatened to take Spikes' life on first sight, for the base treatment he had received at his hands. We have heard something of the particulars, but not enough to give them at this time. Pegram has not been seen since.

The Bank Convention agreed that each bank should commence specie payments whenever they thought proper. So the reign of shipplasters continues for a while longer.

MASSACHUSETTS ELECTION.

It appears that the returns are not complete. So far as heard from, they show a large gain for the Republicans. 181 towns give the Federal candidate (Everett) for Governor, 38,475 votes; Morton (Democrat) 31,935. Williams has beat his federal opponent 300 votes.

The democrats have had a clear gain of about 50 members. The cause goes bravely on in the old Bay State, and ere long she will break the fetters which bind her to the car of Bank monopoly, under which she has so long been doomed to serve.

Our editorial this week is quite spare; we will write more hereafter.

Great Stage Robbery.—The Chambersburg Telegraph mentions that the Stage of the United States line was robbed of its contents a few nights ago near that town. The robbery was fortunately soon discovered, and the trunks were found in the rear of the road, broken open and rifled of their contents. Among them there were many money and papers comprising a sum of more than two hundred thousand dollars. A life and a limb containing the same were found near the trunks and led to the arrest of two men who confessed the robbery. One of them pointed out where the money and property were concealed.

[N. O. Bul.]

MICHIGAN.—The Detroit Advertiser of the 19th, gives up the Legislature and the Congressmen to the Van Burensites. It says enough has been heard from to render this fact certain. So it will take another year for the Whigs to carry Michigan, after all. Well, we predicted as much and feared the former accounts were too good to be true.

TIP CHEROKEES.—The last detachment of the emigrating Cherokees, numbering 1,200 or 1,300 persons, is now at Mill Creek, about 4 miles from this city. Winter is approaching so rapidly that some of the detachments will be compelled to halt far from their ultimate destination. A point upon the Ohio, convenient to navigation, will probably be selected for their winter quarters. When the navigation becomes good in the spring, they can easily be transported by water to their future home.—Union.

Commercial.

[From the Commercial Bulletin, Dec. 3, 1838.]
NEW ORLEANS MONEY MARKET.
Corrected daily by Robinson & Co. Exchange Brokers, 45 Canal street.
Exchange on England, 104 1/4 a 112 1/2.
Do on New York, at sight, 1 a 1 1/2.
Do on Louisiana and Gulf, par.
U. S. Bank Notes, 12 a 13 prem.
U. S. Treasury Notes, 2 do.
Mississippi money—river bills 5 a 6 do.
Do New Banks, 8 a 15 do.
Do do do, 35 a 38 do.
Tennessee Banks, 5 a 6 do.
Alabama Banks, 4 a 5 do.
Arkansas Banks, 8 a 10 do.
Texas, 1 a 2 prem.
Texas Treasury Notes, 43 a 53 do.

NEW ORLEANS PRICES CURRENT.
Sugar—Louisiana prime, 6 a 7 cents; inferior, 5 a 6; Havana white, 12; brown, 7 a 8 cents.
Molasses.—On Levee, new, 31 a 32 cts per gal; sales on Plantation, 30 cts.
Provisions.—Pork, clear, \$25 per bbl; mess, 27; M. O. 24; prime, 21 a 22; P. O. 18 per bbl. Bacon, middling, 124 cts per lb. Shoulders, 10 do. Lard, 14 cts per lb. Beef, mess, \$18 per bbl, in demand; prime, 17 1/2. Flour, \$9 a 8 1-2 per bbl. Goshen butter, 24 a 32 cts; Western do, 18 a 20 cts per lb. Cheese, Northern, 12 a 13 cts per lb. Havana green Coffee, 12 a 13 cts per lb. middling, 12 a 12 1/2; Rio, 12 a 12 1/2. Corn, in ear, \$1 25 per bbl; in sacks, shelled, 90 a 95 cts per bushel; oats 60 a 62 cts per bushel.
Whiskey.—Rectified, 60 a 62 cts per gal; common, none in market.
Bagging.—Kentucky, 22 a 24 cts; rope 9 a 9 1/2 cts.

RENOVATING ON AN IMPROVED PLAN. W. L. AYERS, RENOVATOR.

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Clinton and its vicinity, that he is prepared to execute all orders in the above line that may be entrusted to his care, in a style superior to any heretofore practiced, and but little known in the United States. He follows a receipt used by the Italians, in restoring damaged Silks and Cloths, when they have been soiled by grease, or otherwise. Gentlemen who have had their garments injured in any way, may rest assured that they may have them made "as good as new." The fabric of the Coat will not be injured, as is generally done by Dyers and Scourers, but shall set and fit as well to the person as when first made.

Hats of every description Ironed, and restored to their original color, and made to look equal to new.

N.B. All orders left at my shop will be punctually attended to.

W. L. AYERS,
Three doors west of J. R. & P. Jefferson's store.
Clinton, December 11, 1838. n4 31

TO PLANTERS.
THE subscriber has just received per steamboat Southerner,

Negro Lindeys,
" Blankets,
" Brogans,
" Hats,
Lowell Cottons,
" Lindeys,
Virginia Cottons,
Chickopee do, together with a variety of other goods, which will be sold cheap.
G. L. CLAPP.
Dec 4 if

GREAT BARGAIN!!

W. M. S. PARHAM and WILLIS H. GIBSON, surviving partners of the firm of Parham & Gibson, offer for sale at a small advance on the original cost, their entire stock of goods, the greater part of which are entirely new.

For terms apply to the subscribers at Clinton, Miss. W. M. S. PARHAM,
WILLIS H. GIBSON,
Dec. 4, 1838. if

NOTICE.
THE Subscriber would notify the public that he will sell his present stock of Goods at very reasonable prices for Brandon money. Store next door to J. R. & P. Jefferson.

Dec. 4 JOHN KELLOGG.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters of administration were granted by the Honorable Probate Court of Covington county, at its November Term, 1838, to the undersigned upon the estate of George Watts, deceased. Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them duly authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or they will be forever barred; and those indebted to said estate to make immediate payment.
Williamsburg, Nov. 20, 1838. n3 6w

G. L. Clapp,

IS now receiving at the Store, owned by James McLarn, (next door to John Kellogg's) a well selected stock of
STAPLE DRY GOODS;
together with a good assortment of Hats, Boots and Shoes, and Brogans.
Clinton, Nov. 25th 1838—2w.

To the Ladies of Clinton.

G. L. CLAPP, has just opened a few superior French Kid Shoes and Slippers. Also: A superior quality of Scotch Plaid Shawls, direct from the importer.
Nov. 25th 1838—2w.

Jackson and Lexington Stage Line.

THE Public are respectfully informed that on and after the 25th inst., a new Line of Four Horse Post Coaches, will run regularly between Jackson and Lexington, Miss. This new Line is established in order to connect with the Tremont Line of Stages from Manchester to Nashville Tennessee. Passengers therefore, travelling from the Northern part of the State to Jackson, or from Jackson to the North, will find a pleasant and expeditious way of travelling. Passengers on this Line, will always have preference in the Vicksburg Line of Stages at Jackson, which now connects with the Rail Road at Big Black Depot. They will also have the preference at Jackson in the Grand Gulf Stages, which are now in complete operation. Every attention will be shown to travellers in the above Lines.
J. R. & P. JEFFERSON, Proprietors.
Clinton, 23d Nov. 1838.—n2—tf.

Bank Notice.

THE Real Estate Banking Company, of Hinds County at Clinton, Miss., have effected a negotiation in New York, by which it is enabled to commence its operations upon a safe and permanent basis. Accordingly, it will be prepared to discount paper on Wednesday the 28th inst. Whenever the Union, and River Banks of Miss. commence specie payments, this Bank will redeem its issues, either in specie or checks upon New York or New Orleans, at as low rates of exchange as such checks can be had at any Bank in the State. Its issues for a few months

will be confined exclusively to advances upon cotton.

FORM OF NOTE.
CLINTON, MI. 18—
Months after day of 18— we or either of us, promise to pay to Cowles Mead, or bearer, for the use of the Real Estate Banking Company of Hinds County, at their Banking House in Clinton, with-out defalcation, for value received.

CRUTCHER, McRAVEN & CO.
COMMISSION, FORWARDING AND PRODUCE MERCHANTS
GROVE STREET, VICKSBURG, MISS.
Nov. 15—n1f

New Goods! New Goods!

WE are now receiving and opening direct from the cities of New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, a large and well selected stock of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising almost every article usually kept by merchants in the Southern country, viz:

30 bales Virginia Lowell,
10 " Negro Kerseys,
6 " brown Domestic,
300 pair Negro Blankets,
50 " Mackinaw do.,
50 " fine Whitney do.,
1000 " Russell & B's Brogans,
200 " Kip peg'd do,
150 " Monroe sew'd do,
150 " Lady's Kid Shoes,
50 " " double sol'd
50 " " Seal Brogans,
50 " course peg'd Bootes,
36 " " sew'd do
50 " fine Calf.

Together with a large assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Kentucky Jeans, Calicoes, Chintz Muslins, Silks, Satins, Ribbands, Hosiery, Gloves, bleached and plaid Domestic, Table Linens, Irish Linen, Lawns, Diapers, Jaconets and Cambrics, &c. &c. &c. with a full stock of Clothing, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Hats and Sundry, all of which are offered upon the usual terms and at the lowest prices.

J. R. & P. JEFFERSON.
Clinton, Nov. 15—n1f

EFT the Stable of R. A. Taylor, at Clinton, a Chesnut Saddle Colt, three years old last June, very handsome form, long tail, Spanish saddle with quilted cover, heavy iron stirrups, horn broken off saddle, two new saddle blankets not separated, one old do under saddle, and one large brown sheepskin on saddle, old martingale and collar with brass rings, russet bridle, reins half leather and round half list, once white but somewhat soiled. I will give twenty-five dollars for taken up said stay, and will pay full, ample and satisfactory, for particular care being taken of him by any person taking him up.

W. C. DICKINSON.
Nov. 15.—n13t of Grand Gulf.

Calvin Miller,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
CLINTON, MISS.
Nov. 15—n1f

TAYLORING.

W. L. AYRES, announces to his friends and the public generally that he has commenced the above business in the Town of Clinton, where he hopes by his assiduous attention, and long experience in the above branch of business to merit a share of public patronage.

All work done by him will be executed in a manner inferior to none in the Union. Garments of every description cut to order.

His shop is situated in the building formerly occupied by Scott & Avery and immediately opposite the store of J. R. & P. Jefferson.
Clinton, Nov. 15.

Vicksburg and Jackson Rail Road.

THE UNITED STATES MAIL, from Vicksburg to Jackson, will hereafter be carried to Be Black on the CARS, where THREE STAGES will always be in readiness to leave the Depot, and transport passengers and baggage either to Raymond, Clinton or Jackson, there connecting with the United States Mail Stages for Columbus, Brandon and Madisonville, &c.

J. R. & P. JEFFERSON.
Clinton, Nov. 15—n1f

For Sale or Rent.

SEVERAL Farms of first rate land with appropriate improvements of various extents as to cleared grounds. Also several Tracts of choice wild Lands on and off the river. For terms, description, &c. apply to the subscriber.

P. W. CHARLTON.
Clinton, Nov. 15—n1f

PROSPECTUS
For publishing in the town of Clinton, Mi. a weekly newspaper, to be entitled

SOUTHERN MARKSMAN.
Devoted to Education, Literature, Science, Agriculture, &c.

FEELING a deep interest in the welfare and future prosperity of our town, and believing that the establishment of a weekly Newspaper would add to its importance abroad, and to the interest and convenience of our citizens; induced by these and other weighty considerations, backed by the solicitations of our friends, both personal and political, we have determined to make the effort. Having full confidence in the liberality of a generous public in sustaining and sup-

porting every effort of a liberal, useful, and laudible tendency in the community, we enter into the undertaking with a confident hope of success.

We will commence our career on the great ocean of politics with no promises of occupying a neutral position—our principles are purely democratic, and we will give a firm and fearless support to the measures of the present Administration of the General Government, believing them to be in the highest degree conducive to the future welfare and permanent interests of the South, and in accordance with the true meaning and spirit of the Constitution.

Being a strict constructionist of the Constitution we shall oppose the establishment of a National Bank as an unauthorized and dangerous grant of power, such as was never contemplated by its framers. We shall also oppose a National Bank, believing it totally inexpedient and dangerous in the highest degree to the liberties of the people.

We shall ever be found opposed to the misuse or the assumption of power, whether in the Federal Executive head, legislative body, or judiciary of the country.

It will be our purpose to laud virtue though clad in the habiliments of poverty, and denounce vice whether in high or low places. In doing this, we shall speak of men and measures as we find them, and with firm grasp attempt to tear the veil under which political deformity has sought shelter in these evil days of political apostasy.

In the discharge of our duty as the conductor of a political press, we shall scrupulously avoid wounding individual and private feelings. "Our banner is now to the battle and the breeze." We have planted our feet upon the ramparts of the Constitution, and call upon the people to come to the rescue. The constitutional banner, waves over us in this contest for free principles, and if we fail let its sacred folds be wraped around us.

C. P. McDANIEL, Editor.

The Southern Marksman will be published weekly, at five dollars, in advance, or six dollars at the end of the year. Advertisements will be inserted at the usual rates. No subscription can be received for less than six months, nor will any discontinuance be made until all dues are paid.

G. D. GERE, Publisher.
Clinton, Sept. 19, 1838.

PROSPECTUS OF A MONTHLY MAGAZINE,
To be entitled, the
SOUTHERN LITERARY JOURNAL.
Published in Charleston, S. C.

WHILE numerous literary periodicals are issued from the American Press, which are liberally patronized, it has been a subject of general regret, that since the discontinuance of that able work, the Southern Review, there has been no Magazine established in South Carolina, affording a suitable medium through which the opinions of our best writers might be brought to bear directly and usefully upon the public mind. It is with a view to meet this demand, that the publication of this work is proposed—and that the patronage of the citizens of the South is respectfully solicited.

The proposed Magazine will consist of original communications on Literary and Scientific subjects, of notices of recent publications, particularly in the department of light and fugitive Literature, of popular tales suggested by historical and local associations, of Poetry and political Intelligence. Its columns are intended to afford a vehicle for the free, but temperate discussion of all questions, which, from their importance, interest, or attraction, are deserving of the attention of an educated community. If it shall become what its name imports, a Journal of strict Southern Literature—if it shall serve to place upon record a true account of the opinions, feelings, habits and general tone of thinking of an enthusiastic and high minded people—it will, under the inspiring inspiration of the *Genius Loci* and with the approving smiles of the generous and the fair, and the concurrent and effective aid of the learned and talented men among us, if it shall contribute, in any small degree, to secure for the South that elevated literary position to which it is entitled, and which it is capable of maintaining, its design will then be fully accomplished.

The work will be conducted by the subscriber, and assisted by several literary gentlemen, who have pledged themselves to contribute constantly and liberally to our columns, who are interested in its success, and who think the present a favorable juncture for the commencement of such an enterprise. It will be printed in an octavo form, on fine paper, in monthly numbers of 56 pages each, and will be put to press as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers can be obtained to authorize its publication. The "Journal" will be furnished to subscribers at five dollars per annum, payable at the expiration of six months from the date of the first number.

DANIEL K. WHITAKER.
Charleston, 24th July—

Resolved, That the Literary and Philosophical Society understand, with high

gratification, that Mr. Whitaker is about commencing a monthly Journal, to be devoted to the advancement of southern literature, and with pleasure, declare their opinion of his full qualification for such an undertaking, and comply with his request to be permitted to publish the proceedings of the society, and such communications to the society as the curators may approve.

JOSEPH JOHNSON,
President pro. tem.
JACOB DELA MOTTE, Sec.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
UNITED STATES MAGAZINE.

DEMOCRATIC REVIEW.

IT has long been apparent to many of the reflecting members of the Democratic Party of the United States, that a periodical for the advocacy and diffusion of their political principles, similar to those in such active and influential operation in England, would be a desideratum of great importance to supply—a periodical which should unite with the attractions of a sound and vigorous literature, a political character, capable of giving efficient support to the doctrines and measures of that party, now maintained by a large majority of the people. Discussing the great questions of policy before the country, expounding and advocating the Democratic doctrine through the most able pens that that party can furnish, in articles of greater length, more condensed force, more elaborate research, and more elevated tone, than is possible for the newspaper press, a Magazine of this character becomes an instrument of inappreciable value for the enlightenment and formation of public opinion, and for the support of the principles which it advocates. By these means, by thus explaining and defending the measures of the great Democratic Party, and by always furnishing to the public a clear and powerful commentary upon those complex questions of policy and party which so frequently distract the country, and upon which, imperfectly understood as they often are by friends, and misrepresented and distorted as they never fail to be by political opponents, it is of the utmost importance that the public should be fully and rightly informed, it is hoped that the periodical in question may be made to exert a beneficial, rational, and lasting influence on the public mind.

Other considerations, which cannot be too highly appreciated, will render the establishment and success of the proposed Magazine of very great importance.

In the mighty struggle of antagonist Party of the United States stands committed to the world as the depository and center of these cardinal doctrines of political faith with which the cause of the People in every age and country is identified. Chiefly from the want of convenient means of concentrating the intellectual energies of its disciples, this party has hitherto been almost wholly unrepresented, in the republic of letters, while the views and policy of its avowed creeds are daily advocated, by the ablest and most commanding efforts of genius and learning.

In the United States Magazine, the attempt will be made to remove this reproach.

Co-ordinate with this main design of the United States Magazine, no care or cost will be spared to render it, in a literary point of view, honorable to the country, and fit to cope in vigor and rivalry with its European competitors.—Viewing the English language as the noble heritage and common birthright of all who speak the tongue of Milton and Shakespeare, it will be the uniform object of its conductors to present only the finest productions in the various branches of literature, that can be procured; and to diffuse the benefit of correct models of taste and worthy execution.

In this department the exclusiveness of party, which is inseparable from the political department of such a work, will have no place. Here we will stand on a neutral ground of equality and reciprocity, where those universal principles of taste to which we are all alike subject, will alone be recognised as the common law. Our political principles cannot be compromised, but our common literature it will be our common pride to cherish and extend, with a liberality of feeling unbiassed by partial or minor views.

As the United States Magazine is founded on the broad basis which the means and influence on the Democratic Party in the United States can present it, in every respect a thorough NATIONAL WORK; not merely designed for ephemeral interest and attraction, but to continue of permanent historical value. With this view, a considerable portion of each number will be appropriated to the following subjects, in addition to the general features referred to above.

A general summary of political and domestic intelligence, digested in order of the States, comprising all the authentic important facts of the preceding month.

General Literary Intelligence, Domestic and Foreign.

General Scientific Intelligence, including Agricultural improvements; a notice of all new Patents, &c.

A condensed account of all new works of Improvement throughout the Union.

Military and Naval News, Promotions, Changes, Movements, &c.

Foreign Intelligence.

Biographical obituary notices of distinguished persons.

After the close of each session of Congress, an extra or enlarged number will be published, containing a general review and history of its proceedings, a condensed abstract of important official documents, and the acts of the session.